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The Ídeal Gas

PHASES OF MATTER

How do gases behave? In order to study gases, chemists have devised a model. The model is called an ideal gas (a gas which explains the behavior of all gases). This *Ideal Gas* model is based on the following assumptions, and can be applied only under conditions of **LOW PRESSURE AND HIGH TEMPERATURE**.

MOTION – gas molecules are continuously moving in a random, straight line motion.



ATTRACTION - no attraction exists between molecules.



Deviations from the Ideal Gas Situation

Gases deviate from the ideal conditions when conditions of **HIGH PRESSURE AND LOW TEMPERATURE** exist. These conditions lead to confinement and intermolecular attractions begin to act.

VOLUME - gas molecules do have a volume of their own.

ATTRACTION – there does exist a force of attraction between gas molecules. The above factors (deviations) allow for the existence of gases as either solids or liquids under certain conditions,

Answer the questions below based on your reading above and on your knowledge of chemistry.

1. Of the following: H₂(g); He(g); CO₂(g); which would behave least like an ideal gas? Why?

2. Compared to other gases, why doesn't water vapor behave like an ideal gas?

3. Why do gases behave least like ideal gases at low temperature and high pressure?

4. The relationship between the Kelvin temperature and volume of a gas is linear until the temperature begins to approach 0 K. Why?